Analysis of contaminants in hemp using LC-MS/MS and GC-MS/MS

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Introduction

- Hemp is a class of Cannabis sativa that contains significantly lower levels of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), and may have higher levels of cannabidiol and cannabigerol (CBD and CBG).
- Like cannabis and other crops, dried hemp plant material may contain various contaminants that are harmful to humans.
- The high complexity of hemp and cannabis samples, and the broad range of contaminants being regulated at minimum required performance levels (MRPL) in the order of parts per billion (ppb), demands for robust, fast, and effective analytical methods.
- This work describes a complete workflow for the analysis of diverse contaminants in hemp using hydrophilic lipophilic balanced (HLB) cartridges to clean-up organic hemp extracts, and using LC and GC coupled to MS/MS for reliable instrumental analysis.

Method development Sample preparation

Weigh 1 g of pulverized plant material in a 15 mL plastic tube.

Spike isotopically labeled internal standards (for recovery assessment, target analytes should be spiked at this stage).

Add 5 mL of acetonitrile acidified with 1% acetic acid and vortex for 5 min at 2500 rpm.

Add 200 µL of water to a 6 mL hydrophilic lipophilic balanced (HLB) cartridge (200 mg) (Restek cat.# 28451). Then transfer 3 mL of the supernatant.

Apply vacuum or positive pressure to collect the cleaned extract.

Stop vacuum/positive pressure. Add 300 µL of methanol and re-apply vacuum/positive pressure to rinse the cartridge. Collect the solvent with the rest of the extract.

For LC-MS/MS analysis: dilute 600 µL of the extract with 400 µL of a 2:2:1 methanol:acetonitrile (1% acetic acid):water solution. Inject 1.5 µL.

For GC-MS/MS analysis: transfer 1 mL of cleaned supernatant to a dSPE tube containing magnesium sulfate and C18 (cat.# 26242). Vortex briefly and centrifuge for 5 min. Dilute the extract in a ratio 1:1 with a 1:1 hexane:acetone (1% acetic acid) solution. Inject 1µL.

Figure 1. Sample preparation workflow for hemp samples

Instrumental analysis

Table 1. GC-MS/MS conditions (ionization: EI)						
GC Column	Rxi-5ms 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 µm (cat.# 13423)					
Injection	Splitless, 1 µL (0.5 min splitless time, 7 mL/min split flow)					
Liner	Topaz 4.0 mm ID Single Taper Inlet Liner w/ Wool (cat.# 23447)					
lnj. T	250°C					
Purge Flow	5 mL/min					
Oven	70°C (hold 1 min) to 220°C by 30°C/min; to 240°C by 5°C/min; to 315°C (hold 10 min) by 10°C/min					
Carrier Gas	He, at a constant flow of 1.4 mL/min					
Transfer line T	290°C					
Source T	330°C					
Instrument	Thermo Trace 1310-TSQ 8000					

Table 2. LC-MS/MS conditions (ionization: ESI)

Column	Raptor ARC-18 2.7 µm, 150 mm x 2.1 mm (cat.# 9314A62)					
Guard Column	Raptor ARC-18 EXP Guard Column Cartridge 2.7 µm, 5 x 2.1 mm (cat.# 9314A0252)					
Mobile Phase A	Water, 2 mM ammonium formate, 0.1% formic acid					
Mobile Phase B	Methanol, 2 mM ammonium formate, 0.1% formic acid					
	Time (min.)	<u>%B</u>	Time (min.)	<u>%B</u>		
	0	5	11	75		
	1.0	50	11.5	80		
Time Program	2.5	50	13.5	80		
	4.0	65	15.5	95		
	7.0	65	16.5	100		
	7.5	70	19.5	100		
	9.0	70	19.6	5		
	9.5	75				
Other parameters	Column T: 40°C; autosampler T: 10°C; flow: 0.4 mL/min; injection volume: 1.5 µL					
Instrument	Shimadzu LCMS-8045					

Results and discussion

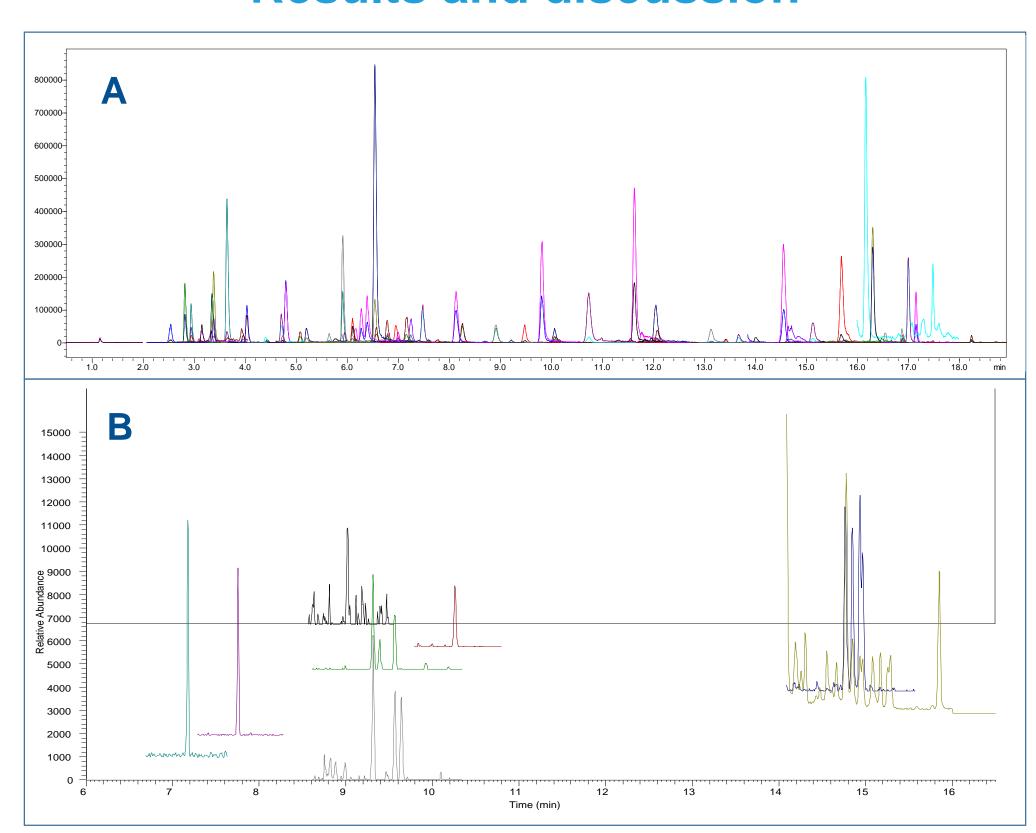


Figure 2. Chromatograms corresponding to LC (A) and GC (B) amenable contaminants extracted from a hemp sample spiked at 100 ng/g

Table 3. Figures of merit corresponding to pesticides and mycotoxins analyzed in hemp (CBG variety)

Contaminant	California Action level, µg/g	Canada Action level, µg/g	Method LOQ, μg/g	R^2	0.1 μg/g (n=4)
					Accuracy (RSD)
Daminozide	0.1	0.1	0.02	0.9974	80 (6)
Acephate	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9996	100 (4)
Thiamethoxam	5	0.02	0.005	0.9994	102 (3)
Methomyl	1	0.05	0.005	0.9989	105 (5)
Oxamyl	0.5	3	0.005	0.9980	96 (2)
Imidacloprid	5	0.02	0.01	0.9983	93 (11)
Dimethoate	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9979	101 (2)
Acetamiprid	0.1	0.1	0.005	0.9993	100 (4)
Thiacloprid	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9993	100 (8)
Aldicarb	0.1	1	0.005	0.9977	101 (5)
Naled	0.1	0.1	0.02	0.9988	83 (12)
Mevinphos (I, II)	0.1	0.05	0.02	0.9976	99 (5)
Carbofuran	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9983	102 (5)
Carbaryl	0.5	0.05	0.02	0.9979	96 (6)
Dichlorvos	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9983	99 (12)
Propoxur	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9982	100 (3)
Chlorantraniliprole	10	0.02	0.005	0.9953	94 (3)
lmazalil	0.1	0.05	0.01	0.9987	80 (11)
Metalaxyl	2	0.02	0.005	0.9992	105 (5)
Azoxystrobin	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9967	105 (4)
Myclobutanil	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9959	100 (4)
Phosmet	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9991	79 (16)
Spiroxamine	0.1	0.1	0.005	0.9920	72 (15)
Fenoxycarb	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9988	89 (5)
Methiocarb	0.1	0.02	0.005	0.9958	97 (3)
Spiromesifen	0.1	3	0.02	0.9981	108 (12)

Table 3 (continued). Figures of merit corresponding to pesticides and mycotoxins analyzed in hemp (CBG variety)

1 level, 2/g .1 .1 .5 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	Action level, µg/g 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	Method LOQ, µg/g 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.002 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005	0.9949 0.9957 0.9954 0.9955 0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990 0.9989	Accuracy (RSD) 86 (8) 102 (7) 97 (4) 93 (8) 101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14) 96 (4)
.1 .5 2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.02 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.01 0.01 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.002 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.005	0.9957 0.9954 0.9955 0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	102 (7) 97 (4) 93 (8) 101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.5 2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.02 0.05 0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.01 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.002 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.005	0.9954 0.9955 0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	97 (4) 93 (8) 101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.05 0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.01 0.005 0.005 0.02 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.005	0.9955 0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	93 (8) 101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.05 0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.01 0.005 0.005 0.02 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.005	0.9955 0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	93 (8) 101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.05 0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.005 0.005 0.02 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.005	0.9988 0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	101 (4) 100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.02 - 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.005 0.02 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.001	0.9970 0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	100 (5) 79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	- 0.1 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.02 0.005 0.005 0.002 0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9942 0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	79 (12) 98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.02 0.005 0.005 0.02 0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9985 0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	98 (18) 98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.005 0.005 0.02 0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9993 0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	98 (4) 98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1*	0.02 0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.005 0.02 0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9995 0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	98 (5) 91 (8) 74 (14)
.1 1* .1 .1 .1 .1*	0.02 0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.02 0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9980 0.9963 0.9990	91 (8) 74 (14)
1* .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	0.1* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.00355 0.005 0.01	0.9963 0.9990	74 (14)
.1 .1 .1 .1* .1^	0.02 0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.005 0.01	0.9990	
.1 .1 .1* .1^	0.02 0.02 0.1*	0.01		·
.1 .1* .1^	0.02 0.1*		0.3303	84 (9)
.1*	0.1*	0.02	0.9844	38 (12)
.1^		0.0029	0.9961	74 (20)
	0.02^	0.0023	0.9960	73 (16)
	0.02	0.0042	0.9959	75 (13)
.1	0.02	0.005	0.9987	106 (6)
.1	0.05	0.05	0.9993	98 (9)
.1	0.03	0.005	0.9915	75 (26)
2	0.2	0.15	0.9943	- (20)
.1	0.2	0.005	0.9965	90 (6)
.1	0.02	0.02	0.9961	97 (7)
.5	0.5	0.02	0.9979	77 (6)
.1	0.02	0.005	0.9977	97 (7)
3	1	0.005	0.9974	93 (7)
.1	0.1	0.01	0.9973	94 (11)
1	0.3	0.075	0.9966	90 (10)
.1	0.05	0.005	0.9977	78 (6)
.1	0.05	0.005	0.9991	92 (7)
.1	0.03	0.02	0.9961	80 (16)
.1	0.05	0.05	0.9968	87 (17)
				106 (10)
				83 (6)
				87 (6)
				88 (12)
				87 (8)
				85 (7)
				83 (8)
	-			78 (25)
	<u>-</u>			81 (1)
				98 (9)
				97 (2)
.1				81 (8)
.1 .1				92 (6)
.1 .1 .1				97 (7)
	0.1 0.1 02# 02# 02# 02 0.7 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.02 02# 0.002 02# 0.002 02# 0.002 02 0.02 0.1 0.05 0.1 0.05 0.1 0.05	0.1 0.02 0.02 02# 0.002 0.005 02# 0.002 0.01 02# 0.002 0.005 02 0.02 0.02 0.7 - 0.075 0.1 0.05 0.02 0.1 0.05 0.005 0.1 0.05 0.005 0.1 0.02 0.01 0.1 0.02 0.01 0.2 0.02 0.02	0.1 0.02 0.9958 02# 0.002 0.9905 02# 0.002 0.005 0.9969 02# 0.002 0.01 0.9958 02# 0.002 0.005 0.9959 .02 0.02 0.02 0.9966 0.7 - 0.075 0.9829 0.1 - 0.02 0.9941 0.1 0.05 0.02 0.9939 0.1 0.05 0.005 0.9969 0.1 0.02 0.01 0.9965 0.1 0.02 0.01 0.9965 0.2 0.02 0.9927

- *MRPL for total spinosad; ^MRPL for total spinoteram; # AG2+AG1+AB1+AB2<0.002µg/g
- Hemp and cannabis extracts are characterized for having a high concentration of hydrophobic constituents. By mixing 3 mL of extract with 200 µL of water prior to SPE clean-up with HLB it was possible to remove major hydrophobic interferences. The addition of 300 µL of methanol helped in the elution of all target pesticides.
- Calibration curves to cover a range of 0.005 and 1.5 µg/g in matrix (10 points) were prepared by post-spiking blank hemp extract with target analytes at various concentrations, and internal standards (9 compounds). All analytes, except clofentezine and captan, showed R² > 0.99. It is recommended to use deuterated analogues for these two compounds.
- Accuracy and precision were assessed by spiking hemp samples at 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, and 0.5 µg/g (n=4), and estimating their concentration using the calibration curve prepared in hemp extract. Accuracy and precision values for the great majority of pesticides were within 70 – 130% and below 30%, respectively.
- Sample prep, extract dilution, injection volume, chromatographic separation were all critical in resolving analytes from interferences as to minimize possible matrix effects and reach the required MRPLs. In total 9 deuterated analytes were used to account for sample prep and instrumental variation.
- The use of dSPE containing magnesium sulfate was essential to remove any water left in extracts after the first clean-up step.
- Pyrethrins I and II, and piperonyl butoxide were present in the hemp samples used for this work, so they were excluded from the table.

Conclusions

An easy and effective workflow for the analysis of pesticides and mycotoxins in hemp was developed. Satisfactory results in terms of figures of merit (LOQs, R², accuracy, and precision) were obtained for the great majority of target contaminants. LOQ values for most of the analytes were significantly below the action levels established by the state of CA in inhalable cannabis, and comply with Canada regulations.