

ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC

Routine, regulatory analysis of dioxins and dioxin-like compounds in food and feed samples

Thermo Fisher Scientific

- Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs), polychlorinated dibenzo-p-furans (PCDFs) commonly referred to as *dioxins*, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) are highly toxic substances classed as persistent organic pollutants (POPs).
- Due to their high fat-solubility, dioxins accumulate in the fatty tissues of animals. As a result, more than 90% of human exposure to dioxins is through food, especially meat, dairy, fish etc. Therefore accurate monitoring of food and feed is essential to control dioxin uptake from the food chain.
- In 2014 a change in European Commission regulations, permitted the use gas chromatographytriple quadrupole mass spectrometry (GC-MS/MS) to be used as an alternative to gas chromatography-high resolution mass spectrometry (GC-HRMS) for confirmatory analysis and for the control of maximum levels (MLs) and action levels (ALs) in certain food and feed samples



Challenges

- Due to the high toxicity and bioaccumulative nature of dioxins, accurate confirmation and quantification of PCDD/Fs in animal food and feedstuffs is essential to minimise human exposure.
- Current EU legislation requires GC-MS/MS analytical methods to demonstrate compliance at 1/5th of the maximum levels (MLs), the methods must also be able to demonstrate:





Even though the utility of GC-MS/MS for this application has been demonstrated in principle, there
is a lack of robust data to validate the suitability of GC-MS/MS, especially for the long-term routine
analysis of hundreds of samples.

This is further confused by the absence of a clear protocol regarding the setting of appropriate LOQ values for GC-MS/MS analysis, with both signal-to-noise (S:N) and calibration based approaches being used in some attempts at validation.

abové LOD



 To demonstrate the utility of the Thermo Scientific[™] TSQ[™] 9000 triple quadrupole GC-MS/MS system with Thermo Scientific[™] Chromeleon[™] Chromatography Data System (CDS) software for the routine and regulatory compliant analysis of PCDD/Fs, dioxin-like PCBs and indicator PCBs in food and feed samples.

 To evaluate the performance of two separate TSQ 9000 AEI systems (U.K. and U.S. based) for the analysis of PCDDs, PCDFs, dI-PCBs and non-dioxin-like (indicator) PCBs in solvent standards, food/feedstuff and proficiency test (PT) samples, using a clear, calibration based approach to setting LOQs



Experimental

• For all experiments described below, Thermo Scientific TSQ 9000 triple quadrupole mass spectrometers with AEI sources were used.

 Sample introduction was performed using a Thermo Scientific[™] TriPlus[™] RSH autosampler, and chromatographic separation was obtained with a Thermo Scientific[™] TRACE[™] 1310 GC system.





GC and Injector conditions – PCDD/Fs and non-ortho PCBs

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TRACE 1310 GC PTV

Parameters	
Operating Mode:	Large Volume
Injection Volume (µL):	4
Initial Inlet temperature (°C):	75
Carrier Gas, Flow (mL/min):	Helium, 1.2
Splitless Time (min)	1
Split Flow (mL/min)	100
Septum Purge (mL/min)	5 (constant)

PTV Ramp

Settings

0					
	Pressure (Psi)	Rate (°C/s)	Temperature (°C)	Time (min)	Flow (mL/min)
Injection:	-	-	-	0.2	100.0
Transfer:	-	5	300.0	1.0	-
Cleaning:	-	14.5	330.0	5.0	200.0

Autosampler

settings		
Injection Depth (mm)	45	
Penetration Speed (mm/s)	100	
Injection Speed (µL/s)	1	

TRACE 1310 GC			
Parameters			_
Oven Temperature Program	n:		_
Temperature 1 (°C):	120 (initial)		
Hold Time (min):	2		
Temperature 2 (°C):	250		
Rate (°C/min):	25		_
Hold Time (min):	0		_
Temperature 3 (°C):	260		_
Rate (°C/min):	2.5		
Hold Time (min):	5		
Temperature 4 (°C):	285	TRACE 1315	
Rate (°C/min):	2.5		
Hold Time (min):	0		
Temperature 5 (°C):	320		_
Rate (°C/min):	10		
Hold Time (min):	15		
Total Run Time (min):	44.7		
	-		



GC and Injector conditions - Mono, di-ortho and indicator PCBs

TRACE 1310 GC PTV

Parameters		
Operating Mode:	Splitless	
Injection Volume (µL):	1	
Initial Inlet temperature (°C):	75	
Carrier Gas, Flow (mL/min):	Helium, 1.2	
Splitless Time (min)	1	
Split Flow (mL/min)	100	
Septum Purge (mL/min)	5 (constant)	

PTV Ramp

Settings

0					
	Pressure (Psi)	Rate (°C/s)	Temperature (°C)	Time (min)	Flow (mL/min)
Injection:	-	-	-	0.2	-
Transfer:	-	5	300.0	1.0	-
Cleaning:	_	14.5	330.0	5.0	200.0

Autosampler

settings	
Injection Depth (mm)	45
Penetration Speed (mm/s)	100
Injection Speed (μL/s)	1

TRACE 1310 GC Parameters Oven Temperature Program: Temperature 1 (°C): 120 (initial) Hold Time (min): 2 Temperature 2 (°C): 250 Rate (°C/min): 25 Hold Time (min): 0 Temperature 3 (°C): 260 Rate (°C/min): 2.5 Hold Time (min): 5 Temperature 4 (°C): 285 Rate (°C/min): 2.5 Hold Time (min): 0 Temperature 5 (°C): 320 Rate (°C/min): 10 Hold Time (min): 15 Total Run Time (min): 44.7



MS conditions

TSQ 9000 Mass Spectrometer Par	rameters			
Transfer Line (°C):	300			
Ionization Type:	EI – with Advanced EI source			
lon Source (°C):	350			
Electron Energy (eV):	50			
Acquisition Mode:	Timed SRM with Dwell Time Prioritization (x10 – natives HIGH, labelled LOW)	scientific	Ten in TSQ 9000	
Tuning parameters:	AEI Smart Tune	2		Scientific Trace 1310
Collision gas and pressure (psi):	Argon, 70			
Resolution :	0.7 (both Q1 and Q3) Resolution for quadrupole to be equal to or be than unit ma resolution (unit resolution: suffic resolution to sep two peaks one r unit apart).	each be set tter ss mass cient arate mass		



- Food and feedstuff samples (including PT samples) were provided by the EURL for Halogenated POPs in Feed and Food, Freiburg, Germany. A nominal sample intake weight of 2 grams (fat) was used for the samples unless indicated otherwise
- European method EN:1948 standard solutions were utilised for the extraction, calibration and quantitation of PCDD/Fs, dioxin-like PCBs and indicator PCBs.
 - PCDD/Fs
 - EN-1948CVS (calibration and quantitation)
 - EN-1948ES, EN-1948IS (extraction)
 - PCBs
 - WM48-CVS (calibration and quantitation),
 - P48-W-ES, P48-M-ES and P48-RS (extraction)
- All standards were obtained from Wellington Laboratories Inc., Canada.

Sample type	Matrix	Nominal weight taken (g)	Number of replicates	Basis
PT	Pork sausage	2	2	Fat
PT	Whole egg	2	2	Fat
PT	Milk powder	2	2	Fat
PT	Halibut fillet	2	2	Fat
PT	Sugar beet pulp	20	2	Product
QK1	Mixed fat	2	6	Fat
Food	Meat	2	5 (individual)	Fat
Food	Milk	2	4 (individual)	Fat
Food	Fish	2	4 (individual)	Fat
Food	Eggs	2	5 (individual)	Fat
Feed	Fish meal	2	1	Fat
Feed	Grass meal	20	1	Product
Feed	Sepiolite	20	1	Product
Feed	Palm fatty acid distillate (PFAD)	2	1	Product
Feed	Feed fat	2	1	Fat







Samples





Chromatography

EU regulations specify that the separation of the 1,2,3,4,7,8 and 1,2,3,6,7,8 HxCDF isomers shall be less than 25% peak to peak.







 The proprietary phase of the TG-Dioxin capillary GC column provides excellent separation of PCDD/F and PCB congeners, particularly the tetra and penta-substituted PCDD/Fs



Sample details - Sugar beet pulp proficiency test 20 g sample intake



- Establishing LOQs in the analysis of PCDD/Fs and PCBs in food and feed is critical.
- Differences in approaches can lead to significant variations in quoted upperbound WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ results, especially where toxic congeners are present at levels close to the LOQ.
- In these experiments, European Union Reference Laboratories guidance was followed and a calibration based approached was used.

$$Sample \ LOQ \ (pg/g) = \sum_{n=PCDD/F}^{17} Min \ Conc_n (pg/\mu L) * \left(\frac{\text{Sample volume}(\mu L)}{\text{Sample weight}(g) * Recovery \ l \ (\%)}\right)$$

 To demonstrate the sensitivity required to routine achieve the LOQs applied, a low level standard, at the LOQ, was included in the calibration curve and also injected at regular intervals throughout the batch.



JRC TECHNICAL REPORTS

Guidance Document on the Estimation of LOD and LOQ for Measurements in the Field of Contaminants in Feed and Food

> Thomas Wenzl, Johannes Haedrich, Alexander Schaechtele, Piotr Robouch, Joerg Stroka





LOQ

• Injection of the lowest level calibration point and regular assessment of this ensures:



njection #	10 fg on-column	40 fg on-column	160 fg on-column
22	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
23	9/ % /3 % 100 % 9/ % 6/ % 89 %		
53			
66			
79			
92			
101			



LOQ data...

• As displayed, the deviation from the **Response Factor** Ratio are within to for all LOQ injection

		F	Peak Name	Ret.Time	Rel.Amnt.Dev.						IR deviation							
								100/4	100/4	100/4	%	100/4	100/4	100/4				
	-	2	378-TCDF	20.313	- 1.8	11.6	- 6.4	11.1	3.3	25.4	- 10.8	5.5	- 8.5	9.4	- 8.4	- 7.8	- 10.1	3.7
1 41		2	378-TCDD	20.871	14.0	- 5.3	3.6	- 7.7	- 7.2	12.9	15.3	- 6.8	- 1.3	7.4	10.2	13.3	2.4	- 4.6
d. the		12	378-PeCDF	24.347	2.3				0.1		1.1	0.7		0.0		0.0		13.1
, ,		23	478-PeCDF	25.720	6.1	10.8	8.9	14.1	3.3	7.0	2.6	0.2	- 1.9	- 5.0	- 12.9	0.9	- 1.9	- 2.8
om the		12	378-PeCDD	25.970	4.2	- 5.5	5.4	9.9	- 6.6	- 4.9	4.1	- 6.4	7.9	8.9	9.5	13.4	10.1	4.4
	.	123	3478-HxCDF	29.069	- 1.5	5.4	0.3	4.8	8.6	10.4	1.5	- 2.9	- 5.1	- 2.1	- 0.8	- 0.4	- 4.9	7.2
actor and	lon	123	3678-HxCDF	29.180	4.6	- 1.3	10.9	13.8	47	2.7	9.4	- 0.7	6.9	1.3	- 75	84	7.1	- 14.8
		234	4678-HxCDF	29.859	- 0.7	8.2	0.6	210		1.3	- 0.8	2.4	- 5.6		1 🐣	34	10.0	14.1
thin tolera	nce	12	3478-HxCDD	29.951	- 5.3	3.2			1.8	0-1.6	3.1	12.3	5.1	2.4		-5/0	14.3	5.3
		12.	3678-HXCDD	30.039	- 1.8	3.1	8.0	11.9	- 1173	- 5.8	- 5.5	2.9	1.7	- 5.8	- 4.4	- 3.2 -	3.6	- 5.7
niections.		12.		30.362	- 0.0	7.0	- 1.7	17.3	- 2.0	3.1 25.9	23.3	13.0	9.0	0.9	0.0	6.9	10.7	- 10.2
njeedener		123		32 364	2.0 / 1	2.0	10.7	9.9	10.7	20.0	6.5	- 5.9	0.0	- 0.1	2.5	- 0.0	-1.4	0.1
		123	4678-HpCDD	33 793	7.0	2.0	4.3	1.0	1.2	0.0	18.1	- 37	0.5	- 0.1	2.3	- 3.0	3.0	- 9.3
		123	4789-HpCDF	34,531	- 1.9	- 0.3	6.8	3.0	2.6	8.2	9.6	6.8	- 0.6	- 1.8	1.4	0.3	- 0.8	- 5.2
			OCDD	38.385	0.5	2.5	1.9	3.2	4.7	2.5	5.7	- 1.5	0.4	- 3.9	1.6	- 4.6	4.1	- 7.0
			OCDF	38.635	0.9	1.6	0.0	2.3	2.7	1.0	4.2	- 0.3	0.0	1.5	- 2.3	2.1	- 3.4	- 6.8
			Average Peak	StdeDev Peak	RSD F	Peak												
Peak Name	Ret.Time	e	Amount	Amount	Amo	unt	LOQ amo	unt	MDL	L	.OQ	LOI		S/N		LOQ		LOD
	min		fg	fg	%		fg		fg 10*Sto		StdDev	3*Stdl	Dev			10/S:N	3	3/S:N
First Injection	First Injecti	ion	40.5	10	40.4	0/	40.0	_	0.0	_	fg	fg		07.0		fg		fg
2378-TCDF	20.313		10.5	1.2	10.1	%	10.0		3.2		12.4	3.7		37.0		2.7		0.8
12378 PeCDE	20.071		20.7	0.7	33	70 0/2	20.0		0.Z 2.1		60	0.1		20.7		2.9		0.8
23478-PeCDF	25 720		21.5	0.8	3.8	%	20.0		2.1		82	2.1		42.6		47		14
12378-PeCDD	25,970		20.2	1.3	6.4	%	20.0		4.1	1	13.0	3.9		22.1		9.0		2.7
123478-HxCDF	29.069		20.8	0.9	4.2	%	20.0		2.6		8.7	2.6	;	38.9		5.1		1.5
123678-HxCDF	29.180		21.3	1.0	4.9	%	20.0		3.1	1	10.4	3.1		72.7		2.8		0.8
234678-HxCDF	29.859		20.5	1.0	5.0	%	20.0		3.2	1	10.3	3.1		48.9		4.1		1.2
123478-HxCDD	29.951		40.7	1.6	3.9	%	40.0		4.9	1	16.0	4.8	;	35.2		11.4		3.4
123678-HxCDD	30.039		39.9	3.3	8.3	%	40.0		10.4	3	33.2	10.	0	33.4		12.0		3.6
123789-HxCDD	30.362		42.5	4.4	10.4	%	40.0		13.1	4	14.2	13.	2	26.0		15.4		4.6
123789-HXCDF	30.725		22.4	1.5	6.6	%	20.0		4.2	1	14.8	4.4		32.0		6.2		1.9
1234678-HpCDF	32.364		41.1	1.1	2.1	% %	40.0		3.4 6.4	1	02.2	3.4		72.1		0.6 4.2		1.7
1234676-RPCDD	34,521		43.0	2.2	0.1	%	40.0		0.4 5.2		17.3	5.7	,	93.0 58.7		4.5		2.0
OCDD	38 385		164.8	28	17	%	160.0		8.4	2	77	8.3		109.4		14.6		4.4
OCDF	38.635		162.9	2.2	1.3	%	160.0		6.8	2	21.9	6.6		124.8		12.8		3.8



 What about concentrations below the LOQ standard?

		P	eak Name	Ret.Time		Rel.An	nnt.Dev.			IR de	viation	
ons below ard?	the	2 12 12 12 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 1	3 8-TCDF 3 8-TCDD 3 8-TCDD 3 8-PeCDD 4 8-PeCDD 8 8-TXCDF 8 8-TXCDF 8 8-TXCDF 8 8-HXCDF 8 8-HXCDD 9 9-HxCDD 9 9-HxCDF 4 78-HpCDF 4 78-HpCDF 4 89-HpCDF 4 99-HpCDF	20.313 20.871 DUGA th 25.970 nteres 50 29.180 50 29.180 50 30.039 30.039 30.362 30.725 32.364 33.793 34.531	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	² ² ⁴ ⁴ ⁴ ⁴ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷ ⁷	LOQ/4 LOQ/4 25.4 - 10.8 12.9 15.3 and 1 S and 2 S 4.9 41 would re are 5.8 - 5.5 p_5.8 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$acticaln. \frac{100/4}{7.4} 1\frac{9.4}{7.4} 1$		LOQ/4 L Q/4 - 10.1 3.7 2.4 4.6 C D D 2.8 10.1 7.2 4.6 2.8 1.4 7.2 4.8 1.4 7.2 4.8 1.4 5.3 5.7 10.7 0.2 - 7.4 5.1 3.6 4.5 2.1 9.3 - 0.8 5.2
			OCDF	38.635	0.9 1.6	0.0	2.3 2.7	1.0 4.2	-0.3 0.0	1.5 -	2.3 2.1	- 3.4 - 6.8
Peak Name	Ret.Time min	•	Average Peak Amount fg	StdeDev Peak Amount fg	RSD Peak Amount %	LOQ amount fg	MDL fg	LOQ 10*StdDev	LOD 3*StdDev	S/N	LOQ 10/S:N	LOD 3/S:N
2378-TCDF	First Injecti	on	10.5	12	10.1 %	10.0	3.2	12 /	1g 3.7	37.0	1g	1g 0.8
2378-TCDD	20.871		10.4	1.0	10.1 %	10.0	3.2	10.5	3.1	25.7	3.9	1.2
12378-PeCDF	24.347		20.7	0.7	3.3 %	20.0	2.1	6.9	2.1	78.2	2.6	0.8
23478-PeCDF	25.720		21.5	0.8	3.8 %	20.0	2.4	8.2	2.5	42.6	4.7	1.4
12378-PeCDD	25.970		20.2	1.3	6.4 %	20.0	4.1	13.0	3.9	22.1	9.0	2.7
123478-HXCDF 123678 HyCDF	29.069		20.8	0.9	4.2 %	20.0	2.0	0.7	2.0	38.9	0.1	1.0
234678-HxCDF	29.100		20.5	1.0	4.9 % 5.0 %	20.0	32	10.4	31	48.9	4.1	12
123478-HxCDD	29.951		40.7	1.6	3.9 %	40.0	4.9	16.0	4.8	35.2	11.4	3.4
123678-HxCDD	30.039		39.9	3.3	8.3 %	40.0	10.4	33.2	10.0	33.4	12.0	3.6
123789-HxCDD	30.362		42.5	4.4	10.4 %	40.0	13.1	44.2	13.2	26.0	15.4	4.6
123789-HxCDF	30.725		22.4	1.5	6.6 %	20.0	4.2	14.8	4.4	32.0	6.2	1.9
1234678-HpCDF	32.364		41.1	1.1	2.7 %	40.0	3.4	11.2	3.4	72.1	5.6	1.7
1234678-HpCDD	33.793		43.8	2.2	5.1 %	40.0	6.4	22.3	6.7	93.0	4.3	1.3
1234789-HpCDF	34.531		41.6	1.7	4.2 %	40.0	5.2	17.3	5.2	58.7	6.8	2.0
OCDD	38.385		164.8	2.8	1.7%	160.0	8.4	27.7	8.3	109.4	14.6	4.4
OCDF	38.635		162.9	2.2	1.3 %	160.0	6.8	21.9	b.b	124.8	12.8	3.8



Calibration range

Peak Name	Ret.Time (min)	Number of Points	RF RSD (%)	Coeff.of Determination (R2)	Average RF (Slope)	Range (pg)		Peak Name	Ret.Time (min)	Number of Points	RF RSD (%)	Coeff.of Determination (R2)	Average RF (Slope)	Range (pg)
2378-TCDF	20.30	16	3.87	0.9995	0.96	0.01 – 64		PCB 28	11.91	14	2.23	0.9989	1.01	0.1 - 1000
2378-TCDD	20.86	16	4.72	0.9996	1.04	0.01 – 64		PCB 52	12.49	14	1.81	0.9993	1.06	0.1 – 1000
12378-PeCDF	24.34	16	1.66	0.9999	0.93	0.02 – 128		PCB 101	14.89	14	1.00	0.9999	1.02	0.1 - 1000
23478-PeCDF	25.71	16	5.36	0.9977	1.03	0.02 – 128		PCB 81	16.38	14	1.49	0.9997	1.06	0.04 – 160
12378-PeCDD	25.96	16	3.60	0.9999	1.05	0.02 – 128		PCB 77	16.86	14	1.08	0.9997	1.00	0.04 - 160
123478-HxCDF	29.06	16	2.98	0.9996	1.02	0.02 – 128		PCB 123	17.40	14	2.66	0.9998	0.92	0.02 - 200
123678-HxCDF	29.17	16	1.95	0.9998	1.00	0.02 – 128		PCB 123	17.40	14	2.66	0.9998	0.92	0.02 - 200
234678-HxCDF	29.86	16	2.83	0.9993	1.02	0.02 – 128		PCB 118	17.64	14	1.46	0.9999	0.96	0.1 – 1000
123478-HxCDD	29.94	16	2.49	0.999	1.12	0.04 – 128		PCB 118	17.64	14	1.46	0.9999	0.96	0.1 - 1000
123678-HxCDD	30.04	16	2.01	0.9991	1.12	0.04 – 128		PCB 114	18.18	14	3.02	0.9989	1.04	0.02 - 200
123789-HxCDD	30.35	16	3.82	0.9987	1.09	0.04 – 128		PCB 114	18.18	14	3.02	0.9989	1.04	0.02 - 200
123789-HxCDF	30.71	16	3.52	0.9997	0.95	0.02 – 128		PCB 153	18.37	14	3.31	0.9996	1.12	0.1 – 1000
1234678-HpCDF	32.35	16	1.78	0.9999	1.03	0.04 – 256		PCB 105	18.96	14	5.95	0.9947	0.96	0.02 - 200
1234678-HpCDD	33.78	16	5.99	0.9968	1.09	0.04 – 256		PCB 105	18.96	14	5.95	0.9947	0.96	0.02 - 200
1234789-HpCDF	34.52	16	1.88	0.9998	1.04	0.04 – 256		PCB 138	19.80	14	1.95	0.9986	1.08	0.1 – 1000
OCDD	38.39	16	1.64	1.0000	1.12	0.16 – 256		PCB 126	20.90	14	5.69	0.9985	0.95	0.04 - 160
OCDF	38.64	16	1.34	0.9997	0.94	0.16 – 256		PCB 167	21.52	14	1.74	0.9998	1.15	0.02 - 200
		Max	5.99	1.0000				PCB 167	21.52	14	1.74	0.9998	1.15	0.02 - 200
		Min	1.34	0.9968				PCB 156	22.90	14	1.98	0.9998	1.14	0.02 - 200
								PCB 156	22.91	14	1.97	0.9998	1.14	0.02 - 200
		-	_		~ -			PCB 157	23.12	14	2.41	0.9999	1.11	0.02 - 200
 Calibration range of over 5 orders for PCBs 								PCB 157	23.12	14	2.41	0.9999	1.11	0.02 - 200

PCB 180

PCB 169

PCB 189

PCB 189

23.43

25.48

27.28

27.28

14

14

14

14

Max

Min

2.33

4.00

1.96

1.96

5.95

1.00

0.9997

0.9999

0.9989

0.9989

0.9999

0.9947

- All RF RSD <6 % for native congeners
- Duplicate injection per level (8 levels for PCDD/Fs, 7 levels for PCBs)



1.03

1.08

0.99

0.99

0.1 – 1000

0.04 - 160

0.02 - 200

0.02 - 200

- Six replicate extractions of a mixed fat quality control sample
 - QK1 reference value: 0.87 pg sum WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ
 - split between the two sites and analysed at regular intervals throughout the analytical sequences

		ISTD									ML (TEQ			
Peak Name	RT	recovery	Target	Actual	IR	Result	UppBnd	MidBnd	LowBnd	SUM UB	pg/g)	2,3,7,8-TCDD	1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	OCDD
	min	%	IR %	IR %	dev %	<loq ?<="" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>pg/g</th><th>1.5</th><th>– 0.03 pg</th><th>– 0.14 pg</th><th>– 3.1 pg</th></loq>				pg/g	1.5	– 0.03 pg	– 0.14 pg	– 3.1 pg
2378-TCDF	20.31	79.2	98.4	96.4	- 2.1		0.0493	0.0493	0.0493			on-column	on-column	on-column
2378-TCDD	20.88	89.2	94.7	105.3	11.1		0.0683	0.0683	0.0683			B RT 20.88	8 RT:25.97	B RT:88.40
12378-PeCDF	24.35	94.2	78.3	81.9	4.6		0.0041	0.0041	0.0041			R1:20.88	R1:25.98	T RT 38.40
23478-PeCDF	25.72	94.8	77.9	78.6	0.8		0.0686	0.0686	0.0686					
12378-PeCDD	25.97	99.7	78.0	75.5	- 3.3		0.3410	0.3410	0.3410					
123478-HxCDF	29.07	81.2	63.0	55.9	- 11.3		0.0113	0.0113	0.0113			<u>8</u>	Ø	ō
123678-HxCDF	29.18	87.3	63.0	59.9	- 4.8		0.0113	0.0113	0.0113					
234678-HxCDF	29.86	76.8	62.6	68.9	10.0		0.0112	0.0112	0.0112					
123478-HxCDD	29.94	88.4	63. <mark>9</mark>	65.6	2.6		0.0477	0.0477	0.0477					
123678-HxCDD	30.04	96.0	64.9	65.6	1.0		0.1020	0.1020	0.1020					
123789-HxCDD	30.36	96.0	64.2	65.9	2.6		0.0557	0.0557	0.0557					
123789-HxCDF	30.71	71.2	63.6	74.8	17.7	<loq< td=""><td>0.0071</td><td>0.0035</td><td>0.0000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></loq<>	0.0071	0.0035	0.0000					
1234678-HpCDF	32.36	60.7	80.4	85.3	6.1	<loq< td=""><td>0.0017</td><td>0.0008</td><td>0.0000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></loq<>	0.0017	0.0008	0.0000					
1234678-HpCDD	33.79	94.2	80.7	80.1	- 0.7		0.0688	0.0688	0.0688					
1234789-HpCDF	34.52	81.8	79.9	78.9	- 1.2	<loq< td=""><td>0.0012</td><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></loq<>	0.0012	0.0006	0.0000					
OCDD	38.40	91.3	96.0	95.0	- 1.1		0.0023	0.0023	0.0023					
OCDF	38.67	83.0	94.1	102.5	9.0	<loq< td=""><td>0.0001</td><td>0.0001</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.8518</td><td>Below ML</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></loq<>	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.8518	Below ML			



Quality control - precision





- Replicate analysis of the QK 1 sample over the two sequences showed excellent repeatability and sensitivity.
 - Deviation between the upper and lowerbound was no more than 1.2% (for confirmation of exceeding the ML, less than 20% deviation is required)



Sample analysis – PCDD/Fs



- QK1 1 Mixed fat
- QK1 3 Mixed fat
- QK1 5 Mixed fat
- QK3 Eggs
- QK6 Fish oil
- QK8 Meat
- 1201-PLA 1 Pork sausage
- 1202-HEA 1 Whole egg
- 1302-MIA 2 Milk powder
- 1501-AFB 2 Sugar beet pulp
- 1601-HFA 2 Fish
- 1701-PFA PFAD
- 1302-MIB Milk fat
- 9230 Meat
- 9255 Meat
- 9367 Milk
- 9478 Milk
- 9370 Eggs
- 9487 Fish
- ----2q AEI LOQ (UB)

- QK1 2 Mixed fat
- QK1 4 Mixed fat
- QK1 6 Mixed fat
- QK5 Fish meal
- QK7 Fish oil
- QK9 Grass meal
- 1201-PLA 2 Pork sausage
- 1302-MIA 1 Milk powder
- 1501-AFB 1 Sugar beet pulp
- 1601-HFA 1 Fish
- 1401-SEA Sepiolite
- 1301-FF Feed fat
- WMF-01
- 9253 Meat
- 9449 Meat
- 9373 Milk
- 9182 Eggs
- 9371 Eggs
- 9488 Fish
- ---- 20g AEI LOQ (UB)



WMF-01 replicate analysis





Sample analysis – dl-PCBs



QK1 - 4 Mixed fat QK1 - 6 Mixed fat QK5 Fish meal QK6 Fish oil QK9 Grass meal 1201-PLA 2 Pork sausage 1302-MIA 1 Milk powder • 1501-AFB 1 Sugar beet pulp 1601-HFA 1 Fish 1401-SEA Sepiolite 1301-FF Feed fat 9230 Meat 9255 Meat 9373 Milk 9370 Eggs 9487 Fish ----2q AEI LOQ (UB)

QK1 - 2 Mixed fat



Sample analysis – Indicator PCBs



●QK1 - 1 Mixed fat
●QK1 - 4 Mixed fat
●QK1 - 6 Mixed fat
● QK5 Fish meal
• QK7 Fish oil
● QK9 Grass meal
• 1201-PLA 2 Pork sausage
● 1202-HEA 2 Whole egg
●1501-AFB 1 Sugar beet pulp
• 1601-HFA 1 Fish
● 1401-SEA Sepiolite
• 1301-FF Feed fat
● 9230 Meat
● 9253 Meat
• 9367 Milk
• 9182 Eggs
● 9371 Eggs
● 9488 Fish

- QK1 2 Mixed fat
- QK1 5 Mixed fat
- QK3 Eggs
- QK6 Fish oil
- QK8 Meat
- ●1201-PLA 1 Pork sausage
- 1202-HEA 1 Whole egg
- 1302-MIA 2 Milk powder
- 1501-AFB 2 Sugar beet pulp
- 1601-HFA 2 Fish
- 1701-PFA PFAD
- 1302-MIB Milk fat
- 9255 Meat
- 9449 Meat
- 9373 Milk
- 9370 Eggs
- ●9487 Fish



- The remaining extract volume for all the UK based sample assessment was combined to give a pooled, mixed matrix sample.
- This pooled matrix sample was then analysed alongside nonane blank and LOQ standard injections. The injection sequence was setup as follows:
 - LOQ
 - Blank
 - Pooled matrix
 - Blank (four hour hold)

Repeat x 40...





 The TSQ 9000 AEI system delivered consistence performance for the measurement of the LOQ standard, with all congeners falling within the ion ratio tolerance and response factor deviation threshold.



2,3,7,8-TCDD RF repeatability (n=39)

• 2378-TCDD

SCIENTIFIC



Chromeleon acquisition, processing and reporting





- The results of this study demonstrate that the TSQ 9000 GC- MS/MS system, configured with the AEI source and controlled using Chromeleon CDS software can deliver routine-grade performance for the confirmation of PCDD/Fs, dioxin-like PCBs and indicator PCBs in food and feedstuffs.
 - <u>Successful validation of method performance criteria (LOQ, precision, accuracy and calibration) was carried</u> out on two separate TSQ 9000 AEI systems, in two geo-locations.
 - The sensitivity achieved with the TSQ 9000 AEI system allowed for Upperbound WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ (pg/g) values as low as 0.15 (for a 2 g sample intake weight and 20 µL final sample volume), meeting the 1/5th maximum level requirements for all but the most challenging matrices.
 - The outstanding linear range and accurate quantitative performance generated excellent comparative data to the EURL reference data supplied, with calibration data showing RF %RSD of <6 over more than 4 orders of magnitude for all native congeners.



- Minimizing user intervention has been demonstrated by running over 2 weeks with no maintenance (such as source cleaning, liner replacement, tuning or analytical column trimming) allowing maximum uptime and sample throughput.
- Chromeleon 7.2 CDS software provides an integrated platform, with the ability to automatically setup, easily
 acquire, process and report compliant data in a fully regulated environment, eliminating the need for using
 external spreadsheet programs. Chromeleon eWorkflows[™], available from <u>AppsLab</u>, also provide error-free
 execution of each analysis to meet SOP requirements, further simplifying the user experience.

